Can - 166

This sprawling structure is the fourth in a line of buildings accommodating the very early Lutheran (1760) congregation in Manchester. The original log structure, and the 1798 building housed both the Reformed and the Lutheran congregations in Manchester, before in the mid 1800's, the two went their separate ways. The result was a new name, "Emmanuel Lutheran", a new building in 1863, and fifty years later the present building.

MACI #072 204708

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME 1	Union Church			
uistoric 2	Zion Church			
HISTORIC 3	Emmanuel Lutheran			
AND/OR COMMON	Emmanuel Evangelical	Lutheran Church		
2 LOCATION	V			
STREET & NUMBER	16 Church Street			
			CONGRESSIONAL DIS	STRICT
city, fown Man	chester	VICINITY OF	CONGINESSIONAL DI	6
STATE Maryla			county Car	roll
3 CLASSIFIC	CATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PR	ESENT USE
DISTRICT	X PUBLIC	OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
Building(s)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	COMMERCIAL	PARK
,	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED		
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE		NT XRELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	¥YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	_TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER
	el Evangelical Luther	an Church	Telephone #:	
•	16 Church Street			
city.town Manc	hester	VICINITY OF Ma	ryland STATE,	zip code 21102
5 LOCATIO	N OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION	Liber #:	
2011271101105	Carroll County Off	ice Building	Folio #: None	
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEED:	S,ETC. (exempt file)		FOIIO #:	
STREET & NUMBER	225 North Center Str	eet		
city. town Ma	nchester		STATE	Md.
6 REPRESE	NTATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
KLI KLULI				
TITLE				
DATE		FEDERAL	STATECOUNTYLO	CAL
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	•			
CITY, TOWN			STATE	······································
5,, , 6,,,,,				

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT

__DETERIORATED __RUINS

__UNALTERED

_ORIGINAL SITE

__GOOD __FAIR

__UNEXPOSED

_MOVED DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

1798 Church - "This church was a large two-story brick church, 50 x 75 feet. The interior presented a large, open auditorium with galleries on three sides. The entrance to the church was by two doors, located on the west side and opposite these doors was the elevated pulpit with winding stairways on each side. Back of the pulpit against the wall were large red damask curtains, draped back with cord and tassel. At the entrance were stairways leading to the gallery. The choir was located on the gallery opposite the pulpit. The space beneath the gallery on the south side was arranged in three sections or apartments and these apartments were entered by a narrow, low door from the aisles. The elders and deacons occupied two of these sections. It was considered an honor to be seated in the this section. This building was heated by two large wood stoves."

from "Lutheran Churches of Carroll County" --compiled by Branford Gist Lynch Democratic Advocate -Feb. 12, 1937.

1862 Church - from an old photo

"This church built during the war...was a three-bay front X four bay wide, two story building with gable roof, and octagonal belfry (interior front). Windows were 6/6 with wooden lintel and base, blind shutters and plain trim. The facade had three-stories of windows, the side had two. The front entrance was framed with an entablature and pilaster. A window under the front eaves (gable) was three-vertical panes with a semi-circular transom which had a date on it...-1863.

One half of the bricks of the old Zion Church were used. It was a very spacious, solid building with not much exterior trim.

1914 Church - recent

Set in the town of Manchester, Emmanuel Lutheran is located on Church Street and faces north/east. It is separated from Chruch Street by a four foot sidewalk. To the east and south is its own cemetary and to the west are in town homes and its own parking lot. Emanuel is attached to a recent (1958) building to the north with Sunday School rooms and fellowship halls. This rambling building has a different number of bays on each facade, but basically it is an eight-bay front by three bay side building with one story and working basement. The roofline varies, but is mainly of gable form, with an asphalt shingle cover, with the central long gable running South East to North West.

The foundation is rock-faced stone and wall structure is of running bond brick. Because of varying trims and shapes, each side of this basically rectangular building will be dealt with separately.

north/west side wall - ,...is attached to the recent building at the easternmost end. The wall has a gable roofline, with a brick corbelled cornice and is three-bays wide. The bays consist of a large central pointed arch stained glass window, with double windows of the same arch and glass flanking it on either side. They all have a brick and rock-faced stone trim at the arch with a central stone, keystone, and a stone base. Under the gable is a group of three pointed arch windows with the same trim.

south/west back wall - ... is seven bays in length. All bays are double windows with the some trim, keystone and base as the northwest wall. The northern

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
PREHISTORIC	_ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
_1400-1499	_ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
_1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
∠ 1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	_INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES 1760 1798 1863/1917 BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Emmanuel Lutheran was originally the united congregation of the Reformed and the Lutherans, who erected the oldest (1760) and the first house of worship accommodating any denomination in Carroll County.

There were no permanent Lutheran Churches in America until 1743, when in Philadelphia, Henry Melchior Muhlenberg erected "The Trappe", the first Lutheran Church in America. Prior to this Lutherans were scattered and predominantly not united. Muhlenberg organized and visited congregations from 1743-1776. Among towns he visited close to Manchester were Lancaster, York, and Hanover. In fact, it is possible he came to Manchester also, for this was the time of the greatest missionary effort in Pennsylvania and Maryland before the War.

A charter from Lord Baltimore in 1758was granted to a "German Churche" to begin a congregation at the intersection of two Indian trails near the "oak tree". The tree still stands and is said to be 278-80 years old. The log structure was built in 1760, 17 years after "The Trappe" in Philadelphia, thirteen years before the first Lutheran Church in Baltimore (1773) and 108 years before the first strictly Lutheran church in Westminster (1868). Of course the Union Meeting House "accomodated" the Westminster Lutherans and other congregations before this time. The first parsonage in Manchester was erected in 1796.

The log structure, located at the entrance of the Old Union Cemetary stood and was used for thrity-eight years. In 1798, a larger Church was erected on the site, after the former was razed; this was called Zion's Church. A description and picture of the 1798 building is in #7 of this form. Zion served the Lutherans and Reformed on alternate Sundays. The first Union Sunday School was organized in 1828.

Five years before the demolishing of Zion's Church, land was purchased for the site of the new Emmanuel Lutheran. The new cornerstone was laid in 1862, and the church completed in 1863. Built during hhe Civil War, it is described and pictured in #7 of this form. At the close of the War in April of 1865, soon after Lincoln's death, a Thanksgiving service was held to celebrate "the surrender" and close of the War.

In 1882 - the plain glass windows were removed and stained glass was put in.

1908 - was the framing of a new constitution which agreed that all church priviledges and principles should be equal among all members.

In 1910, a new church was decided upon because of the need for extensive repairs. Thus in 1914, the 1863 church was razed and the ground cleared, while the congregation worshipped in the Reformed and United Brethren Churches in Manchester.

The present building was built during World War I and laborers were scarce, so much work was done by the members. The cornerstone was laid in July CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

C199-36

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

"200th Anniversary of Emanuel Evangelical Lutheran Church -- 1760-1960" booklet by Miss Sarah C. Trump

"Immanuel Evangelical Lutheran Church" -pamphlet

"Lutheran Churches of Carroll County! compiled by Branford Gist Lynch -- the Democratic Advocate 1937

"The Immanuel Lutheran Church of Manchester, Maryland" -- anon. paper CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

-continued-

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY	00.102.1002
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY	
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLASTATE Maryland county	g
STATE COUNTY	
11 FORM PREPARED BY NAME / TITLE Fredi Eckhardt historic site surve	eyor
ORGANIZATION Carroll County Committee of the Maryland Historic STREET & NUMBER	TELEPHONE
210 East Main Street	848-6494 STATE
Westminster	Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust

The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438

CARR. -166
Union Church
Sion Church
Emmanuel Lutheran
Emmanuel Evangelical Lutheran Church
Manchester

8 SIGNIFICATION

1914, along with the cornerstone of the 1798 and 1863 buildings.

In 1919, it was agreed that the Manchester congregation should be a separate pastorate, and not part of a charge, as it had been previously.

In 1958, the new church school building was erected.

The Cemetary -- The Union Cemetary in 1750, was set apart especially for the burial of members of the two denominations; Reformed and Lutheran. The earliest, legible stone is 1798. The cemetary has naturally grown since. In 1908, an iron fence was erected enclosing the entire cemetary. Because of poor upkeep, the church in 1927 chose a Board of Trustees to manage and control the cemetary. It has since been managed with care.

CARR. - 166

UNION CHURCH
ZION CHURCH
EMMANUEL LUTHERAN
EMMANUEL FVANGELICAL
LUTHERAN CHURCH

- MANCHESTER -



ZION CHURCH ERECTED 1798

The Bell

A fine bell was placed in the belfry this year (1836.) its deep clear notes could be heard many miles distant, and to those who "hunger and thirst after righteousness" no chimes were sweeter to the ear and heart than the sounds of that church bell. No doubt thousands of souls responded as they wended their way to this blessed tabernacle, saying

"I love Thy Zion, Lord,
The house of Thine abode,
The church O Blest Redeemer, saved
With Thine own precious blood."

Description of Church

From the cut it is observed that this church was rectangular in shape 50 by 75 feet; two stories, yet the interior was a large open auditorium with galleries on three sides. There were only two doors which were located on the west side of the church.

CARR. - 166

LINION CHURCH
ZION CHURCH
EMMANUEL LICTHERAN
EMMANUEL EVANGEUCAL LUTHERAN
CHURCH



IMMANUEL CHURCH ERECTED 1862

in the Englisu. The date or inscription generally placed on the corner stone was reserved for the stone in front of the church beneath the steeple, the date on that being 1863.

The Contractors

The contractors were Messrs. Solomon Cramer and Daniel Leister, the brick layers, Messrs. David Saniuel and William: Knellar. Half of the bricks of the old church were used, out of which with new brick, a very substantial thick wall was constructed. The mechanics were selected from the town and surrounding country. A number who had subscribed towards the building and were unable to pay the amount, willingly worked out their subscriptions by carrying stone, brick, and mortar.

The building Committee did not place any stress upon artistic adornment or beauty of design; but upon a spacious and permanent building; hence the plain looking structure. Indeed some caviled, while others passed adverse criticisms. One reply (with several others) was, "When the war is over, the younger generation can add a tower and the beauty."



Emmanuel Evangelied butheran Church october - 78 Can, -166 South west back elevation + South east side Justi E.



Emmanuel Evangelied butheran Church October - 78 Can. - 166 north/east elevation Judi E.



Emmanuel Evangelieal Lutheran Church October - 78 Pan. - 166 notheast elevation fredi E.